

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2004

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK

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Town of Wilton, New York
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
December 31, 2004

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Wilton's performance provides an overview of the Town's activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. This discussion and analysis is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, including the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Town's net assets are valued at \$10,431,503, an increase of \$1,320,557 over the prior year.
- Total revenues generated in 2004 were \$6,057,349. Sales tax revenue comprised \$3,745,333 of that amount and increased over 11% from 2003.
- The Town paid off the Highway Equipment Bond in advance at a cost of \$288,000, with an estimated projected savings of \$8,000.
- The Town's new Highway Garage officially opened in 2004 with a total construction cost of \$2.3 million.
- \$60,000 was added to the Highway Equipment Reserve bringing the total available for future highway equipment up to \$387,000.
- The Town's contribution to the NYS Retirement system increased from \$59,000 in 2003 to \$167,000 in 2004, a 283% increase.
- The Town of Wilton, with the help of a Saratoga County grant, purchased Camp Saratoga for a purchase price of \$40,000; this further expands the Town's open space program.

Using this Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a complete view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are also included in this report, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most financially significant funds. Because this is the first year of the implementation of GASB 34 we are not able to present comparative data, however in future years a comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is "Is the Town as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and

about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. You can think of the Town's net assets as the difference between assets, what the citizens own, and the liabilities, what the citizens owe, as one way to measure the Town's financial stability. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net assets is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider the other non-financial factors, such as changes in the Town's sales tax base, population, an implementation of a town tax (we currently do not have one), the condition of the Town's capital assets (buildings, parks, Highway Machinery etc...) to assess the overall position of the Town.

Fund Financial Statements

The Town reports its operations using governmental funds. Some of these funds are required to be established by State law and others are established by the Town Board to help it control money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting as defined earlier in this discussion. The Town uses the following governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is the primary operating funds of the Town and are used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes. The Town maintains a Townwide Highway Fund, a Emergency Squad District Fund and Special Grant Fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital expenditures.

The Town as Trustee

The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary for other assets that because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these trust funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The Town's Governmental Activities total net assets are \$10,431,503, an increase of \$1,320,557 over the prior year. Our analysis below focuses on the fund balances and changes in the fund balances of the Town's Governmental fund types.

Net Assets (in Thousands)	
	Governmental Activities
Current and other assets	\$2,827
Account Receivables	\$1,273
Capital Assets	\$8,094
Total Assets	\$12,194
L-T Debt Outstanding	\$1,225
Other Liabilities	\$537
Total Liabilities	\$1,762
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	\$6,744
Restricted	\$984
Unrestricted	\$2,704
Total Net Assets	\$10,432

THE TOWN AS A WHOLE (continued)

Sales Tax revenues have increased from \$3.3 to \$3.7 million which represents 66% of the total revenue source of the Town.

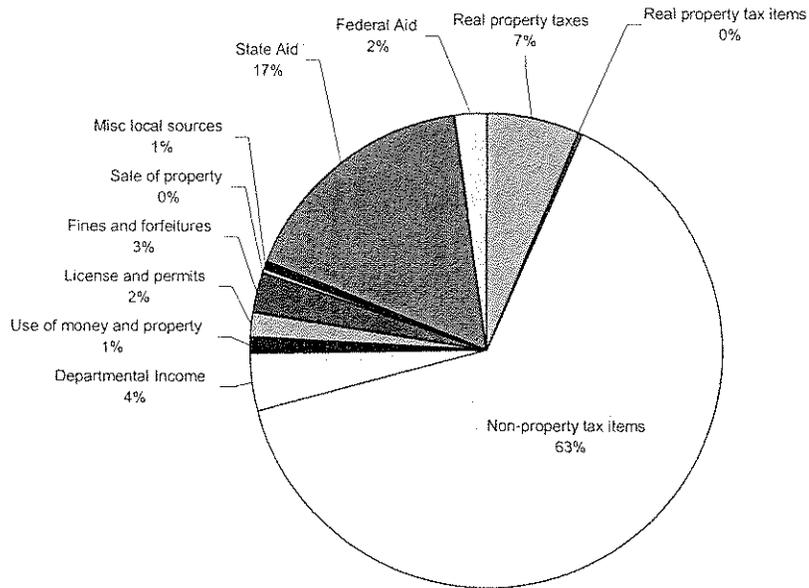
Highway equipment reserves have increased to \$387,814, these monies represent funds that have been set aside to purchase future highway equipment used to maintain the Town's roads and related infrastructure.

The increase in the unrestricted fund balance from \$2.2million to \$2.7 million was attributable primarily to two revenue factors: continued sales tax revenue growth and increased mortgage tax revenues.

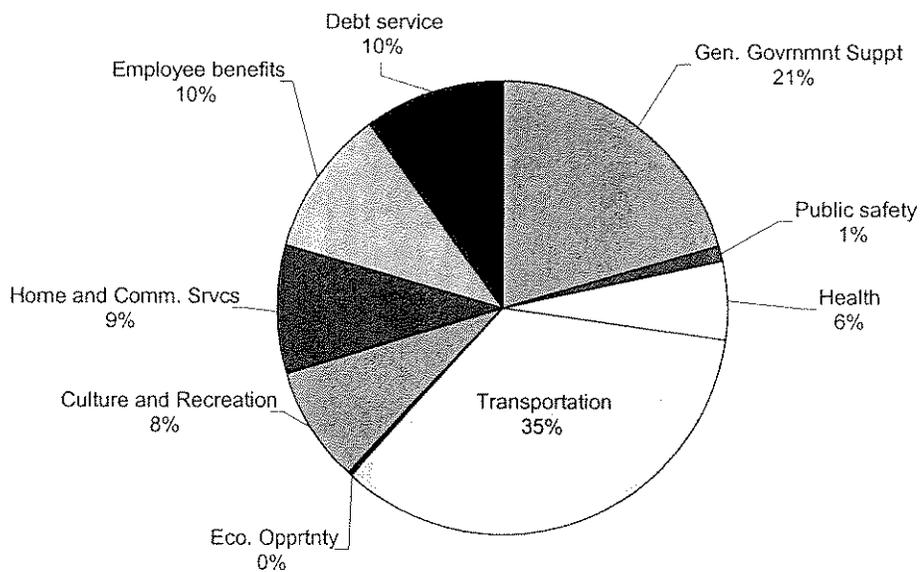
Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
<u>Revenues</u>		
Real property taxes	\$ 394,084	\$ 358,157
Real property tax items	3,950	7,717
Non-property tax items	3,889,706	3,514,126
Departmental income	230,991	328,300
Use of money and property	82,800	138,700
License and permits	95,085	138,975
Fines and forfeitures	161,908	240,102
Sale of property	20,341	82,258
Misc local sources	40,852	397,013
State Aid	1,001,235	1,041,434
Federal Aid	136,397	147,256
Total revenues	6,057,349	6,394,038
Other financing sources:		
Proceeds from serial bonds		1,475,000
Operating Transfers in		900,613
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$6,057,349	\$ 8,769,651
<u>Expenditures:</u>		
General government support	\$1,157,991	\$ 1,079,781
Public safety	61,896	54,325
Health	324,668	506,940
Transportation	1,946,508	3,802,779
Economic assistance and opportunity	11,007	141,813
Culture and recreation	467,431	372,768
Home and community services	529,468	365,462
Employee benefits	589,114	449,666
Debt service	566,791	1,732,824
Total expenses	5,654,874	8,506,358
Other financing uses:		
Operating transfers out		900,613
Total expenditures and other financing sources	\$5,654,874	\$ 9,406,971

2004 Governmental Revenue



2004 Governmental Expenses



CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

At the end of 2004, the Town had \$9.39 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and park facilities. The Town has adopted a policy of recording all machinery and equipment with a cost greater than \$5,000, infrastructure with a cost greater than \$25,000 and building's with a cost greater than \$50,000 for GASB 34.

This year's major additions included:

- Installation of baseball fields and new playground equipment \$ 70,600
- Purchase of Camp Saratoga \$ 40,000
- Purchase of Highway and Building Dept. equipment and vehicles \$195,400
- Infrastructure(Roads) \$397,784

Debt:

At year end, the Town had \$1,350,000 in bonds outstanding versus \$1,859,000 last year - a decrease of 38%

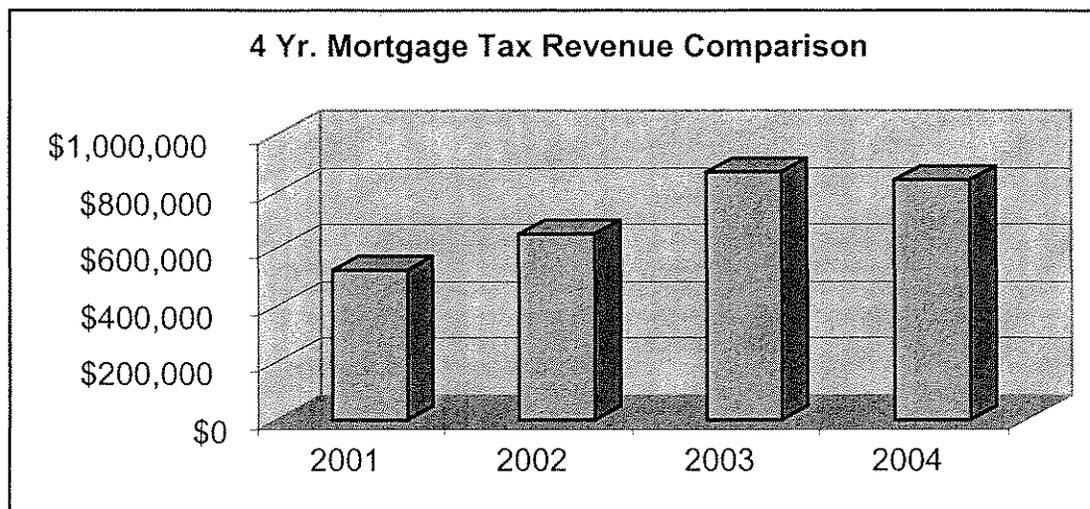
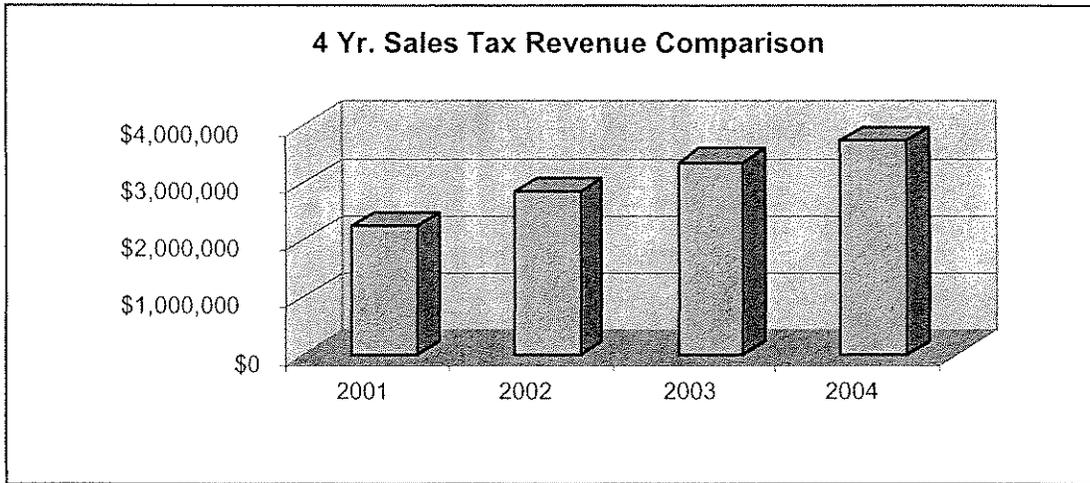
In 2004 the Town paid off \$387,000 in Highway Equipment Bond debt. Interest earned on the Town's surplus when compared to the interest expense of the bonds made the decision to pay off the bonds an easy one. At the time we projected a total town savings of \$8,000.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the 2005 budget. Some of those factors are the economy and the Town's long running commitment to hold to a "no town tax". Because of the Town's fast growing economy and fiscally conservative approach to spending the Town is in a very healthy position. Because the Town relies on Sales Tax and Mortgage Tax revenue to fund its budget and the leaders of this community have had the foresight to create an area of town for retail business within the town. The Town's retail district is one of the most frequented areas to shop within the County of Saratoga. The population has grown from 10,623 in 1990 to 14,648 according to the *Capital District Regional Planning Commission* July/August 2004 report. 2003 Estimates have projected that the Town's population is considered one of the fastest growing in New York State.

In 2004 the Town adopted a Master Plan and look to implement many of the recommendations that were within this plan. The 2005 budget does not use any of the \$2.7 million dollar fund balance that the Town has at the end of 2004. Strong economic

indicators allow us to continue to use sales tax and mortgage tax revenues to balance the Town's budget. Please see the charts below for a 4 year visual of the continued increase in sales and mortgage tax revenues.



CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's financial resources and to show the Town's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the Town Comptroller's Office at the Town of Wilton, 22 Traver Road, Gansevoort, New York 12831.

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AND
NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

*ALSO LICENSED IN VERMONT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Town Board
Town of Wilton, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Wilton, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Wilton, New York's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Wilton, New York, as of December 31, 2004, and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



CUSACK & COMPANY, CPA'S LLC

Latham, New York
April 22, 2005

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

DECEMBER 31, 2004

Assets

Current assets:

Cash	\$ 2,113,389
Other receivables	183,176
State and federal receivables	36,538
Due from other governments	952,687
Prepaid expenses	99,352
Inventory	<u>26,727</u>
Total current assets	<u>3,411,869</u>

Noncurrent assets:

Restricted cash	687,689
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>8,093,799</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>8,781,488</u>

Total assets \$ 12,193,357

Liabilities

Current liabilities:

Bonds payable	\$ 125,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	380,077
Unearned revenues	17,657
Compensated absences payable	<u>14,120</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>536,854</u>

Bonds payable, net of current portion 1,225,000

Total liabilities 1,761,854

Commitments and Contingencies

Net Assets

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 6,743,799

Restricted for:

Encumbrances	37,913
Inventory/prepays	116,216
Parkland	84,132
Traffic mitigation	186,817
Capital projects	171,258
Equipment	387,814

Unrestricted 2,703,554

Total net assets 10,431,503

Total liabilities and net assets \$ 12,193,357

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>				<u>Net</u>
<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>(Expense)</u>
General Government	\$ 174,243	\$ -	\$ -	\$(1,150,649)	
Public Safety	68,728	-	-	(68,728)	
Health	324,938	-	-	(324,938)	
Transportation	1,874,436	1,682	86,319	(1,778,441)	
Economic assistance	42,112	-	-	(42,112)	
Culture and recreation	496,726	2,300	34,725	(311,973)	
Home and community services	591,883	134,715	-	(288,058)	
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 4,723,715</u>	<u>\$ 138,697</u>	<u>\$ 121,044</u>	<u>(3,964,899)</u>	
General revenues:					
Property taxes				398,034	
Franchise taxes				144,373	
Sales taxes				3,745,333	
Mortgage taxes				839,491	
State aid				75,425	
Use of money and property				82,800	
Total general revenues				<u>5,285,456</u>	
Change in net assets				1,320,557	
Net assets, beginning				<u>9,110,946</u>	
Net assets, ending				<u>\$10,431,503</u>	

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

	<u>General</u>	<u>Highway</u>	<u>Emergency Squad</u>	<u>Total Capital Projects</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets						
Cash	\$ 1,683,816	\$ 252,818	\$ 14,915	\$ 161,840	\$ -	\$ 2,113,389
Other receivables	183,176	-	-	-	-	183,176
State and Federal receivables	26,720	-	-	9,818	-	36,538
Due from other governments	952,687	-	-	-	-	952,687
Due from other funds	1,223	37	-	-	-	1,260
Prepaid expenses	57,230	32,259	-	-	9,863	99,352
Restricted cash	85,306	574,631	-	-	27,752	687,689
Inventory	<u>5,376</u>	<u>21,351</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>26,727</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,995,534</u>	<u>\$ 881,096</u>	<u>\$ 14,915</u>	<u>\$ 171,658</u>	<u>\$ 37,615</u>	<u>\$ 4,100,818</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2004

	<u>General</u>	<u>Highway</u>	<u>Emergency Squad</u>	<u>Total Capital Projects</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Liabilities & Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 233,043	\$ 76,482	\$ -	\$ 400	\$ 19,958	\$ 329,883
Due to other funds	1,211	49	-	-	-	1,260
Unearned revenue	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,657</u>	<u>17,657</u>
Total liabilities	<u>234,254</u>	<u>76,531</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>37,615</u>	<u>348,800</u>
Commitments and Contingencies						
Fund balances						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances	36,303	1,610	-	-	-	37,913
Inventory/prepays	62,606	53,610	-	-	-	116,216
Parkland	84,132	-	-	-	-	84,132
Traffic mitigation	-	186,817	-	-	-	186,817
Capital projects	-	-	-	171,258	-	171,258
Equipment	-	387,814	-	-	-	387,814
Unreserved:						
Undesignated	<u>2,578,239</u>	<u>174,714</u>	<u>14,915</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,767,868</u>
Total fund balances	<u>2,761,280</u>	<u>804,565</u>	<u>14,915</u>	<u>171,258</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,752,018</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 2,995,534</u>	<u>\$ 881,096</u>	<u>\$ 14,915</u>	<u>\$ 171,658</u>	<u>\$ 37,615</u>	<u>\$ 4,100,818</u>
Reconciliation of fund balance to net assets						
Total fund balances						
Fixed assets, net						
Bonds payable						
Accrual of interest, pension and compensated absences						
Net assets						
						3,752,018
						8,093,799
						(1,350,000)
						<u>(64,314)</u>
						<u>\$ 10,431,503</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Revenues	General	Highway	Emergency Squad	Total Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Real property taxes	\$ 13,300	\$ 75,497	\$ 305,287	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 394,084
Real property tax items	3,950	-	-	-	-	3,950
Non-property tax items	1,927,162	1,962,544	-	-	-	3,889,706
Departmental income	230,991	-	-	-	-	230,991
Use of money and property	70,269	10,010	219	2,302	-	82,800
Licenses and permits	95,085	-	-	-	-	95,085
Fines and forfeitures	161,908	-	-	-	-	161,908
Sale of property and compensation for loss	1,262	19,079	-	-	-	20,341
Miscellaneous local sources	38,860	1,992	-	-	-	40,852
State aid	902,773	86,319	-	12,143	-	1,001,235
Federal aid	-	-	-	1,682	134,715	136,397
Total revenue	\$ 3,445,560	\$ 2,155,441	\$ 305,506	\$ 16,127	\$ 134,715	\$ 6,057,349

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	<u>General</u>	<u>Highway</u>	<u>Emergency Squad</u>	<u>Total Capital Projects</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Expenditures and Other Financing Sources and Uses						
Expenditures:						
General governmental support	\$ 1,156,901	\$ 290	-	800	-	\$ 1,157,991
Public safety	61,896	-	-	-	-	61,896
Health	25,131	-	299,537	-	-	324,668
Transportation	148,266	1,627,474	-	170,768	-	1,946,508
Economic assistance and opportunity	11,007	-	-	-	-	11,007
Culture and recreation	467,431	-	-	-	-	467,431
Home and community services	391,757	-	-	2,996	134,715	529,468
Employee benefits	326,337	262,777	-	-	-	589,114
Debt service	167,375	399,416	-	-	-	566,791
Total Expenditures	<u>2,756,101</u>	<u>2,289,957</u>	<u>299,537</u>	<u>174,564</u>	<u>134,715</u>	<u>5,654,874</u>
Other Financing Sources and Uses:						
Transfers in	-	291,628	-	15,573	-	307,201
Transfer out	<u>(307,201)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(307,201)</u>
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	<u>(307,201)</u>	<u>291,628</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,573</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)	382,258	157,112	5,969	(142,864)	-	402,475
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	2,201,259	488,747	8,946	314,122	-	3,013,074
Fund Balances, Beginning	<u>177,763</u>	<u>158,706</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>336,469</u>
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 11)						
Fund Balances, Ending	<u>\$ 2,761,280</u>	<u>\$ 804,565</u>	<u>\$ 14,915</u>	<u>\$ 171,258</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,752,018</u>
	Reconciliation of revenues and other financing sources and uses over expenditures to change in net assets:					
	Revenues and other financing sources and uses over expenditures					
	Capitalization of current year asset acquisitions					
	Depreciation expense					
	Bond principal payments					
	Loss on asset disposals					
	Interest, pension and compensated absences accrual changes					
	Change in Net Assets					
						<u>\$ 1,320,577</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash	\$ 9,945	\$ 336,000
Total assets	<u>\$ 9,945</u>	<u>\$ 336,000</u>
Liabilities		
Agency liabilities	\$ -	\$ 336,000
Net Assets	<u>\$ 9,945</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**Statement of Changes in
Fiduciary Net Assets**

Interest income	\$ 226
Home and community service expense	<u>900</u>
Change in net assets	(674)
Net assets, beginning	<u>\$ 10,619</u>
Net assets, ending	<u>\$ 9,945</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Revenues	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrance	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Real property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,300	-	\$ 13,300
Real property tax items	7,500	7,500	3,950	-	(3,550)
Non-property tax items	1,801,932	1,801,932	1,927,162	-	125,230
Departmental income	269,100	372,509	230,991	-	(141,518)
Use of money and property	67,600	67,600	70,269	-	2,669
Licenses and permits	70,000	70,000	95,085	-	25,085
Fines and forfeitures	190,000	190,000	161,908	-	(28,092)
Sale of property and compensation for loss	500	500	1,262	-	762
Miscellaneous local sources	2,000	2,000	38,860	-	36,860
State aid	542,733	542,733	902,773	-	360,040
Total revenues	<u>2,951,365</u>	<u>3,054,774</u>	<u>3,445,560</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>390,786</u>
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses					
Expenditures:					
General government support	1,408,314	1,313,071	1,156,901	2,773	153,397
Public safety	66,462	68,851	61,896	-	6,955
Health	21,000	25,000	25,131	-	(131)
Transportation	109,668	159,736	148,266	-	11,470
Economic assistance and opportunity	13,320	13,320	11,007	-	2,313
Culture and recreation	397,254	521,602	467,431	33,530	20,641
Home and community services	401,456	419,045	391,757	-	27,288
Employee benefits	359,641	365,224	326,337	-	38,887
Debt service	174,250	168,925	167,375	-	1,550
Total expenditures	<u>2,951,365</u>	<u>3,054,774</u>	<u>2,756,101</u>	<u>36,303</u>	<u>262,370</u>
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	-	328,933	307,201	-	21,732
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	<u>2,951,365</u>	<u>3,383,707</u>	<u>3,063,302</u>	<u>36,303</u>	<u>284,102</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (328,933)</u>	<u>\$ 382,258</u>	<u>\$ 36,303</u>	<u>\$ 674,888</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - HIGHWAY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Revenues:					
Real property tax items	\$ 67,600	\$ 67,600	75,497	-	\$ 7,897
Non-property tax items	1,962,544	1,962,544	1,962,544	-	-
Use of money and property	2,000	2,000	10,010	-	8,010
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-	7,000	19,079	-	12,079
State aid	85,000	85,000	86,319	-	1,319
Miscellaneous	-	1,992	1,992	-	1,992
Total revenues	<u>2,117,144</u>	<u>2,124,144</u>	<u>2,155,441</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,297</u>
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	-	291,628	291,628	-	-
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	<u>2,117,144</u>	<u>2,415,772</u>	<u>2,447,069</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,297</u>
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses					
Expenditures:					
General government support	-	-	290	-	(290)
Transportation	1,641,027	1,744,627	1,627,474	1,610	115,543
Employee benefits	291,929	297,684	262,777	-	34,907
Debt service	107,788	399,416	399,416	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>2,040,744</u>	<u>2,441,727</u>	<u>2,289,957</u>	<u>1,610</u>	<u>150,160</u>
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	76,500	60,000	-	-	60,000
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	<u>2,117,244</u>	<u>2,501,727</u>	<u>2,289,957</u>	<u>1,610</u>	<u>210,160</u>
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	<u>\$ (100)</u>	<u>\$ (85,955)</u>	<u>\$ 157,112</u>	<u>\$ 1,610</u>	<u>\$ 241,457</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - EMERGENCY SQUAD
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	<u>Adopted</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Favorable</u>
				<u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Revenues				
Revenues:				
Real property taxes	\$ 305,206	\$ 305,206	\$ 305,287	\$ 81
Use of money and property	-	-	219	219
Total revenues	<u>305,206</u>	<u>305,206</u>	<u>305,506</u>	<u>300</u>
Expenditures				
Expenditures:				
Public safety	305,206	305,206	299,537	5,669
Total expenditures	<u>305,206</u>	<u>305,206</u>	<u>299,537</u>	<u>5,669</u>
Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,969</u>	<u>\$ 5,969</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Wilton, New York, (the "Town") which was established in 1818 in Saratoga County, is governed by the general laws of the State of New York and various local laws. The Town Board, which is the governing body of the Town, consists of the Supervisor and four voting Council members, all elected. The Town Supervisor serves as the chief executive officer and the Comptroller as chief fiscal officer.

The Town provides the following basic services: public safety, health services, maintenance of Town roads, recreation, home and community service, economic assistance and other general services. The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acceptable standards setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting practices. The following is a summary of significant policies:

- (a) Financial Reporting Entity: The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government which is the Town of Wilton, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth in GASB Statement 14.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town reporting entity is based on several criteria set forth in GASB 14 including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities considered in determining the Town's reporting entity.

Excluded from the financial reporting entity:

The Wilton Water and Sewer Authority ("the Authority") was created in 1991 by the New York State Legislature. The Governing Board of the Authority is appointed by the Town. The Town provides no subsidy to the Authority, nor is it responsible for the debt or operating deficits of the Authority. The Authority's debt is essentially supported by operating revenues of the Authority and is not guaranteed by the Town. The Town does not approve the Authority's budget, contracts or hiring of staff. The Town also has no oversight responsibility for funds of the Authority. However, the Town does provide approximately 400 square feet of office space at an annual charge of \$6,000 to the Authority.

The Wilton Emergency Squad ("the Squad") is a not-for-profit corporation established to provide emergency medical care. The Governing Board of the Squad is elected by its members. This Board designates management and exercises complete responsibility for all fiscal matters. The Town exercises no oversight on the Squad's operations.

The Wilton Global Job Development Corporation was established as a not-for-profit corporation to promote economic development in the Town of Wilton. Corporation members have complete responsibility for the management of the Corporation and accountability for fiscal matters. The Town is not liable for any debt incurred by the Corporation.

The Wilton Wildlife Preserve and Park ("WWPP") was established as a not-for-profit corporation to enter into a "partnership" with the Nature Conservancy and New York State to develop a 3,000 acre park and preserve for the Karner Blue Butterfly and public use. WWPP members have complete responsibility for the management of the Corporation and accountability for fiscal matters. The Town is not liable for any debt incurred by the Corporation.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (b) The Town's financial statements are presented on a government-wide, governmental fund and fiduciary fund basis in accordance with GASB Statement #34 - Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. As a result these financial statements include a management discussion and analysis of the Town's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Town's activities including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.) and a change in the focus of fund financial statements to major funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements present aggregated information for the overall government, excluding activities reported in fiduciary funds, on a full accrual, economic resource basis. This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net assets resulting from the current year's activities. Internal fund transactions, including, but not limited to, operating transfers, receivables and payables have been eliminated. Government-wide financial statements include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and changes in net assets.

The statement of net assets recognizes all current and non-current assets including capital assets as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt and accumulated depreciation; restricted net assets due to legal limitations imposed on their use by legislation or external restrictions by other governments; and unrestricted net assets.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses (including depreciation) and related program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services are allocated among the Town's programs and functions using appropriate allocation methods such as payroll costs and square footage. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. The Town's primary program revenues are fines and forfeitures, building and planning permits and fees and recreational program charges. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues and consist primarily of property, sales and franchise taxes, investment earnings, and mortgage tax receipts.

Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by fund type with each major fund presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The following funds are used by the Town:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

General Fund - The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specified purposes. The Town maintains the following special revenue funds:

- Townwide Highway Fund - established pursuant to Highway Law Section 141 to account for revenues and expenditures related to highway repairs and improvements, bridges, machinery, snow removal and miscellaneous highway related items.
- Emergency Squad District Fund - established to account for the financial resources to be used to contract for emergency squad services for the Town.
- Special Grant Fund - to account for the use of federal monies provided by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development to fund the Town's Section 8 Housing Assistance Program.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital expenditures.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the Town as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds.

(c) Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property, sales, franchise, and mortgage taxes, fines, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transaction is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or the underlying transaction takes place. Revenues from grant and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which the eligibility requirements have been satisfied. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. The governmental fund financial statements are reconciled to the government-wide financial statements directly on the governmental fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when they are susceptible to accrual, *i.e.*, both measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable except that principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as expenditure until paid. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures and depreciation is not recorded.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Budgetary Data:

General Budget Process - Prior to October 1 of each year, the Budget Officer submits to the Town Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the sources of financing. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. Prior to November 20, the budget is adopted by the Town Board. The Town Board must approve all modifications of the budget. However, department heads are authorized to transfer certain budgeted amounts within their departmental line items upon written request to the accounting office.

Budget Basis of Accounting - Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

(e) Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances since the commitments do not constitute expenditure or liabilities.

(f) Investments: Investments are stated at cost which approximates market value.

(g) Inventory: Inventory, consisting primarily of highway supplies, is valued at the lower of cost, (first-in, first-out method) or market.

(h) Capital Assets and Depreciation: Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received. Infrastructure such as roads and streets, including related drainage systems, sewage collection systems and Town owned bridges and culverts are capitalized.

Capital assets with a minimum depreciable base of \$5,000 for equipment, \$25,000 for infrastructure and \$50,000 for buildings are depreciated in the government-wide financial statements using the straight-line method with capital assets below this threshold being expensed in the year acquired. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets are as follows: buildings - 15 to 30 years, building improvements - 30 years, leasehold land improvements - 15 to 20 years, infrastructure - 12 years, machinery and equipment - 10 to 20 years, vehicles and trucks - 5 to 10 years, and equipment and furniture - 5 to 15 years.

Infrastructure is not required, and has not been reported retroactively. Prospective infrastructure reporting for newly acquired or constructed infrastructure assets began on January 1, 2004, the date the Town adopted the provisions of GASB No. 34.

(i) Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

Taxes for Town purposes are based on Town budget requirements. Taxes are collected by the Town until April 1, at which time all unpaid taxes are returned to the County. The County will then reimburse the Town for the Town's share of uncollected taxes. The following calendar pertains to Town real property taxes:

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Valuation date	January 1
Taxable status date	March 1
Exemption filing deadline	March 1
Final role filed	July 1
Date taxes due	January 1
Date penalty period begins	February 1

- (j) Compensated Absences: Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination or upon retirement, an employee is entitled to payment for accumulated vacation leave at various rates subject to certain maximum limitations. Employees are not entitled to sick time upon termination, therefore no liability for accrued sick leave has been recorded.
- (k) Fund Balance Reserves: The Town's fund balance reserves represent those portions of the fund balance not available for appropriation, or legally designated for a specific future use.
- (l) Post-Retirement Benefits: In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. Substantially all the Town's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. The Town recognizes the cost of providing these post-retirement benefits by expensing the annual insurance premiums, which for the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$45,970 for thirteen retirees.
- (m) Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results reported could differ from the estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's written investment policy was adopted by the Town Board and is governed by State statutes. Town monies must be deposited in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies designated by the Town Board. New York State statutes and guidelines authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and obligations of the State of New York.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit at 100 percent of all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations issued, fully insured, or guaranteed by New York State, and obligations issued by any municipality or school district of New York State. Restrictions may apply to some of the above categories.

During 2004, cash and investments were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by assets of the Town's custodial bank in the Town's name.

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 DECEMBER 31, 2004

3. POOLED BANK ACCOUNTS

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for each of the Town's funds. Instead, cash is pooled and deposited in pooled bank accounts with accounting records maintained to show the portion of the balance attributable to each fund. At December 31, 2004 of the Town's total cash of \$2,113,389, the Town's funds had the following book balances in the pooled bank accounts:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Cash</u>
General	\$ 524,677
Townwide	252,817
Emergency Squad	14,915
Capital Projects	<u>161,839</u>
	<u>\$ 954,248</u>

4. RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash consists of the following:

General fund:	
Parkland reserve	\$ 85,306
Highway fund:	
Traffic migration revenue	186,817
Equipment revenue	387,814
Section 8 housing	<u>27,752</u>
	<u>\$ 687,689</u>

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2004 was as follows:

	January 1, <u>2004</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	December 31, <u>2004</u>
Land	\$ 1,640,569	\$ 82,210	\$ -	\$ 1,722,779
Leasehold improvements	47,592	-	-	47,592
Buildings	4,603,877	-	-	4,603,877
Infrastructure	-	397,784	-	397,784
Equipment	<u>2,830,598</u>	<u>240,826</u>	<u>54,269</u>	<u>3,017,155</u>
	<u>\$ 9,122,636</u>	<u>\$ 720,820</u>	<u>\$ 54,269</u>	<u>\$ 9,789,187</u>

Less Accumulated
Depreciation:

Buildings	\$ 370,588	\$ 94,607	\$ -	\$ 465,195
Leasehold Improvements	1,586	2,127	-	3,713
Infrastructure	-	16,577	-	16,577
Equipment	<u>1,023,389</u>	<u>227,706</u>	<u>41,192</u>	<u>1,209,903</u>
	<u>1,395,563</u>	<u>341,017</u>	<u>41,192</u>	<u>1,695,388</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 7,727,073</u>	<u>\$ 379,803</u>	<u>\$ 13,077</u>	<u>\$ 8,093,799</u>

TOWN OF WILTON, NEW YORK
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 DECEMBER 31, 2004

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (CONTINUED)

Depreciation was charged to the following functions:

General Government	\$ 41,818
Transportation	233,904
Culture and Recreation	34,191
Economic Assistance	<u>31,105</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 341,018</u>

6. DEBT

A summary of changes in debt is as follows:

	Balance January 1, <u>2004</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance December 31, <u>2004</u>
Bonds (Long-Term)	\$ 1,859,774	\$ -	\$ 509,774	\$ 1,350,000
Compensated absences*	18,775	-	4,655	14,120
Due to retirement system	<u>67,432</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,988</u>	<u>43,444</u>
	<u>\$ 1,945,981</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 538,417</u>	<u>\$ 1,407,564</u>

* Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately.

BONDS (Long-Term)

Bond indebtedness is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Date Issued</u>	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Balance December 31, <u>2004</u>
Public Improvements	5/03	\$ 1,475,000	3.0%	5/13	<u>\$ 1,350,000</u>

The Town's future debt service requirements are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total Debt Service</u>
2005	\$ 125,000	\$ 38,625	\$ 163,625
2006	130,000	34,800	164,800
2007	140,000	30,750	170,750
2008	145,000	26,475	171,475
2009	150,000	22,050	172,050
Thereafter	<u>660,000</u>	<u>40,650</u>	<u>700,650</u>
	<u>\$ 1,350,000</u>	<u>\$ 193,350</u>	<u>\$ 1,543,350</u>

Total interest expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2004 were \$57,017.

7. RESERVED FUND BALANCES

Reserve for Encumbrances - The amount of \$36,303 in the general fund and \$1,610 in the highway fund have been reserved for open 2004 purchase orders and, therefore, is not an available current financial resource.

Reserve for Inventory/Prepaid Expenses - The amount of \$62,606 in the general fund and \$53,610 in the highway fund have been reserved against the value of inventory and prepaid expenses which are not an available current financial resource.

Reserve for Parkland - The amount of \$84,132 has been reserved for parkland which represents amounts collected from developers for parkland.

Reserve for Traffic Mitigation - The amount of \$186,817 has been reserved for traffic mitigation which represents amounts collected from developers for traffic mitigation.

Reserve for Capital Projects - The amount of \$171,258 has been reserved in a capital reserve fund established pursuant to general municipal law section 6-c.

Reserve for Equipment - The amount of \$387,814 has been reserved for equipment in a capital reserve fund established pursuant to general municipal law section 6-c.

8. OPERATING TRANSACTIONS

During the course of normal operations, the Town records numerous transactions between funds including expenditures for the provision of services as well as transfers between funds to finance various projects.

For the year ended December 31, 2004, \$291,628 and \$15,573 were transferred from the Town's general fund to the highway fund to subsidize operations and capital projects funds, respectively.

Interfund receivable and payable balances arising from these transactions as of December 31, 2004 were as follows:

	<u>Interfund Receivable</u>	<u>Interfund Payable</u>
General	\$ 1,223	\$ 1,211
Highway	<u>37</u>	<u>49</u>
	<u>\$ 1,260</u>	<u>\$ 1,260</u>

9. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (Systems). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement systems. The Systems provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the Systems. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the Systems and for the custody and control of their funds. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Funding Policy

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary, for the first ten years of membership. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund.

The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were as follows:

2004	\$ 196,368
2003	\$ 79,479
2002	\$ 15,843

The Town's contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year.

On May 14, 2003, Chapter 49 of the Laws of 2003 of the State of New York was enacted which made the following changes to the Systems:

1. Requires minimum contributions by employers of 4.5% of payroll every year, including years in which the investment performance would make a lower contribution possible.
2. Changes the cycle of annual billing such that the contribution for a given fiscal year will be based on the value of the pension fund on the prior April 1st (e.g., billings due February 2005 would be based on the pension value as of March 31, 2003.)

On July 30, 2004, Chapter 260 of the Laws of 2004 of the State of New York was enacted that allows local employees to bond or amortize a portion of their retirement bill for up to 10 years in accordance with the following schedule:

3. For State fiscal year (SFY) 2004-05, the amount in excess of 7 percent of employees' covered salaries, with the first payment of those pension costs not due until the fiscal year succeeding that fiscal year in which the bonding/amortization was instituted.
4. For SFY 2005-06, the amount in excess of 9.5 percent of employees' covered salaries.
5. For SFY 2006-07, the amount in excess of 0.5 percent of employees' covered salaries.

9. PENSION PLAN

This law requires participating employers to make payments on a current basis, while bonding or amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the System's fiscal year ending March 31, 2005 through 2007. The Town of Wilton elected to make full payment of their retirement bill.

Change in Payment Due Date

Chapter 260 of the Laws of New York State changed the annual payment due date for employers who participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The December 15 payment due date changed to February 1, however, employees were allowed to repay their payment by December 15. The covered salary period (April 1-March 31) will not change for the calculation.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation: The Town is a defendant in lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the Town, after considering all relevant facts, the ultimate losses not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would be immaterial in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Self-Insurance: The Town participates in a self-insurance plan for workers' compensation under Local Law No. 1 and 2, 1956, pursuant to Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law. The plan is open to any eligible municipality or public entity for participation. The County of Saratoga, New York is responsible for administration of the plan and its reserves. The Town contribution to the plan is levied together with taxes for the County and special district purposes as a single bill.

The Town has entered into an administration agreement with the Saratoga County Rural Preservation Corp. ("the Corporation") under which the Corporation serves as full administrator of the Section 8 Housing Assistance Program. The Corporation has guaranteed that it will comply with all program regulations and will indemnify and hold harmless the Town from any liability to HUD for failure to comply to the program regulations.

Landfill Closure: State and federal laws and regulations required the Town to close its landfill site. Although the closure has been completed, the Town must continue to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The Town believes the annual cost of postclosure maintenance and monitoring costs will not be significant to the Town's annual results of operations. Accordingly, these maintenance and monitoring costs are reported as expenditures in the period incurred.

Lease: The Town has constructed a State Police barracks on land leased from the New York State Police (the "Police") for a negligible annual amount. Simultaneously to the land lease, the Town and the Police entered into an agreement for the Police to lease from the Town the barracks for a period of ten years (ending in May 2004) with an automatic option to renew for another five years. Minimum annual lease payments are equivalent to fifty percent of the annual debt service over a fifteen year period.

Environmental Concerns: The Town is engaged in many activities (i.e., highway maintenance, salt and gasoline storage), in the normal course of operations that are potentially hazardous to the environment. Policies, procedures and safeguards have been implemented by the Town to assist in the protection of the environment. As of December 31, 2004 the Town is not aware of any significant environmental problems that should be disclosed in the financial statements.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Ambulance Worker Service Award Program: In connection with a service contract between the Town and local volunteer ambulance workers, the Town implemented a volunteer ambulance worker service award program effective January 1, 2001. The program is a defined contribution retirement plan covering volunteer ambulance workers who have earned 50 service credits and who are at least 18 years of age. The annual contribution is \$400 per calendar year for a maximum of 40 years for each volunteer ambulance worker who earned 50 service credits during the year. Contributions to the plan were \$14,331 in 2004.

11. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

General fund restricted cash and fund balance was increased by \$177,763 and the highway fund restricted cash and fund balance was increased by \$158,706 at December 31, 2003 as a result of property reclassifying the parkland reserve and traffic mitigation reserve from trust and agency funds to the respective governmental funds.

**ADDITIONAL REPORT REQUIRED BY
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
*ALSO LICENSED IN VERMONT

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
BASED ON AN AUDIT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Members of the Town Board
Town of Wilton, New York

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Wilton as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Wilton's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Wilton's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the management and the Town Board. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



CUSACK & COMPANY, CPA'S LLC

Latham, New York
April 22, 2005